

Results Footprint



UGANDA



Kampala

9 October 1962

Ugandan shilling (UGX)

- Knowledge Management
- Environmental Sustainability
- Technology, Innovation & Digitalisation
- Human Capital and Institutions Development
- Industrialisation
- Economic Integration

Agenda 2063

Uganda is among 31 African countries to have shared their first national progress report on Agenda 2063's first Ten-Year Implementation Plan. The first-ever continental report assesses progress made at the national, regional and continental levels towards achieving Africa's developmental goals. The report was launched at the 2020 January AU Summit by President of Côte d'Ivoire, Alassane Ouattara.

African Biosafety Network of Expertise

Establishment and strengthening of biosafety and security systems in 17 countries, including Uganda.

Grow Africa

- » Boosting private sector participation in Africa's agricultural transformation.
- » Support was provided towards the establishment of country agribusiness partnership frameworks (CAP-F) in 11 countries, including Uganda.
- » CAP-Fs were operationalised and potential investors for the agricultural sector were identified.
- » Companies from Grow Africa's Investment Pipeline signed Term Sheets with the governments a number of AU Member States, including Uganda. This led to a connection with value chain partners (producers, processors, policy makers and supply chain financiers). The investments range from dairy, horticulture and cocoa to macadamia, and will create an estimated 3,000 jobs and integrate over 1,000 farmers into commercial value chains over the next five years.

Enhanced Use of Country Results Framework (CRFs)

- » Support for strengthened domestic resource mobilisation and effective public finance management.
- » Undertook assessments of national development finance flows and taxes towards the development of integrated financing strategies and plans.

Vocational and Entrepreneurship

- » Training for women and youth employment.
- » Supported the integration and alignment of technical and vocational education and training (TVET) into national qualification frameworks in 15 countries, including Uganda.
- » Strengthened capacities of 12 CAADP ATVET countries, including Uganda.
- » A toolkit on "Private Sector Engagement in ATVET" was developed.

Launch of Integrated Irrigation and Agri-Industry Initiative

- » Aimed at bringing under irrigation an additional 5 million hectares of arable land between 2020–2030.
- » 16 countries, including Uganda, will be supported to operationalise programmes at field level. The initiative aims to foster public-private collaboration along the agriculture and food systems value chain..

Corridor investment plans for Programme for Infrastructure Development (PIDA)

A corridor development investment plan (CDIP) and marketing plan were drafted to develop and implement selected PIDA priority projects in Transport, Energy, Transboundary Water, and Telecommunication and IT.

Job creation toolkit for infrastructure projects

The PIDA job creation toolkit was launched. The toolkit estimates, amongst others, direct, indirect and induced jobs in job years during the preparation, construction and O&M phase.

Policy and regulatory frameworks for PIDA projects

- » 21 countries, including Uganda, were trained on water governance and international law with regards to transboundary waters in Africa.
- » The status of cyber security was assessed in 13 countries, including Uganda.

Post-Harvest Management and Resilience Building

Uganda received technical and financial support to develop resilient and inclusive infrastructure projects on reducing post-harvest loss and building resilience to mitigate and adapt to climate shocks.

Renewable Energy

- » To increase deployment of renewable energy technologies, especially mini-grid solutions to accelerate universal energy access while increasing productive capacity, resilience building and human wellbeing.
- » High-impact micro-grid projects in 11 countries, including Uganda, were identified where energy accessibility is the lowest.

Sustainable Land Management

- » Nature-based solutions for development and implementation of the African Forest Landscape Restoration Initiative.
- » 26 Countries, including Uganda, pledged to restore 125 million hectares to reduce land degradation and desertification; create sustainable jobs; and improve food security and resilient communities.

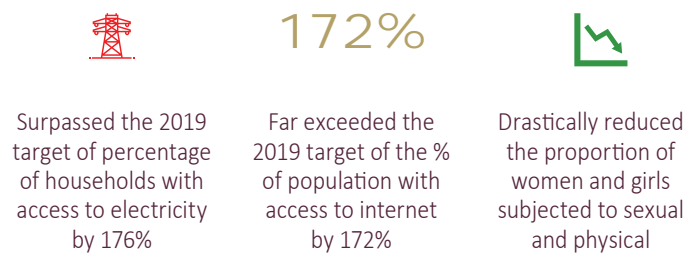
Uganda on Implementation of Agenda 2063



Performance Assessment



Areas where significant progress has been made



Performance on Goals

A High Standard of Living, Quality of Life and Well Being for All	60%
Well Educated Citizens and Skills revolution underpinned by Science, Technology and Innovation	0%
Healthy and Well-Nourished Citizens	100%
Transformed Economies and Job Creation	0%
Modern Agriculture for increased productivity	0%
Blue/ ocean economy for accelerated econ. growth	0%
Environmentally sustainable climate resilient economies and communities	0%
United Africa (Federal or Confederate)	0%
Key Continental Financial and Monetary Institutions established and functional	100%
World Class Infrastructure criss-crosses Africa	16%
Democratic values, practices, universal principles of human rights, justice and the rule of law entrenched	16%
Capable institutions and transformed leadership in place at all levels	0%
Peace, Security and Stability are preserved	100%
A Stable and Peaceful Africa	100%
A Fully Functional and Operational African Peace and Security Architecture	100%
African Cultural Renaissance is pre-eminent	0%
Full Gender Equality in All Spheres of Life	50%
Engaged and Empowered Youth and Children	0%
Africa as a major partner in global affairs and peaceful co-existence	67%
Africa takes full responsibility for financing her development	34%

Areas where progress has been slow



Areas of Support to Accelerate implementation of Agenda 2063

- Enhancing job creation and reducing unemployment especially among the youth
- Increasing the percentage of children of pre-school age attending pre- school and sustaining net enrolment in primary school
- Increasing manufacturing value add as a percentage of GDP
- Increasing the contribution of tourism, ICT and fisheries to GDP
- Increasing resources raised through innovative financing mechanisms as a % of national budget
- Increasing the proportion of the population with access to safe drinking water



Source: Uganda, National Planning Authority